**VOCABULARY**

1. **Reassure** – to [comfort](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/comfort" \o "comfort) someone and [stop](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/stop) them from [worrying](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/worrying); say or do something to remove the doubts or fears of (someone)

Example sentence: I was extremely nervous about my appointment but this doctor **reassured** me that there is nothing wrong with my health.

1. **Increasingly** – more and more

Example sentence: His mom began to get **increasingly** irritated by these questions.

1. **Obsolescence** – the process of becoming outdated and no longer used

Example sentence: Older [versions](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/version" \o "versions) had [passed](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/pass" \o "passed) into **obsolescence** and a new [version](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/version) was already on the [market](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/market).

1. **Defective** – having a defect or flaw (imperfect in form, structure, or function)

Example sentence: I didn’t order a **defective** computer! It doesn’t work properly!

1. **Reliable** – someone or something that can be trusted or believed because he, she, or it works or behaves well, in the way you expect

Example sentence: This watch is the most **reliable** product I’ve ever bought!

1. **Turning point** – the time when a situation starts to change in an important, often positive, way

Example sentence: This win could be a **turning point** in their career.

1. **Shortage** – a lack in the amount needed

Example sentence: The recent **shortage** of money drove me crazy.

1. **Assembly line** – a [line](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/line" \o "line) of [machines](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/atm" \o "machines) and [workers](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/worker" \o "workers) in a [factory](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/factory" \o "factory) which a [product](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/product" \o "product) [moves](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/move" \o "moves) along while it is being [built](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/built" \o "built) or [produced](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/produce" \o "produced)

Example sentence: You got a new [job](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/job) on an **[assembly](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/assembly" \o "assembly)**[**line**](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/line)? Congratulations!

1. **Contribute** – to be one of the [reasons](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/reason" \o "reasons) why something [happens](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/happen" \o "happens)

Example sentence: Doing a lot of research **contributed** to the success of this project.

1. **Gas-guzzling** – using a lot of fuel

Example sentence: I can’t stand this **gas-guzzling** car, we need to get rid of it!

1. **Capability** – the [ability](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/ability" \o "ability) or [power](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/power" \o "power) to do something

Example sentence: This company has the **capability** to [double](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/double" \o "double) their profits.

1. **To be rooted in something** – to originate in or stem from something

Example sentence: Most traumas are **rooted in** childhood.

1. **Aftermath** – the [period](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/period) that [follows](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/follow" \o "follows) an [unpleasant](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/unpleasant" \o "unpleasant) [event](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/event) or [accident](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/accident" \o "accident), and the [effects](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/effect" \o "effects) that it [causes](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/cause" \o "causes)

Example sentence: A lot of people died in the **aftermath** of the accident.

1. **Empowerment** – the process of giving a group of people more freedom or rights

Example sentence: The company incorporated worker **empowerment** which improved the whole production.

1. **Emphasize** – to show that something is very [important](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/important" \o "important) or [worth](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/worth" \o "worth) giving [attention](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/attention" \o "attention) to

Example sentence: I have to **emphasize** how important it is for everyone to ask for help in difficult situations.

1. **Scarcity** – a [situation](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/situation" \o "situation) in which something is not [easy](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/easy" \o "easy) to [find](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/find" \o "find) or get

Example sentence: There is a **scarcity** of job offers in my city.

1. **Aviation** – the [business](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/business) of [designing](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/designing" \o "designing) and [manufacturing](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/manufacturing" \o "manufacturing) [aircraft](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/aircraft" \o "aircraft)

Example sentence: **Aviation** [experts](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/expert" \o "experts) can answer all your questions about planes.

1. **Enhance** – to [improve](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/improve" \o "improve) the [quality](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/quality" \o "quality), [amount](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/amount) or [value](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/value" \o "value) of something

Example sentence: High [productivity](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/productivity" \o "productivity) [lowers](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/lower" \o "lowers) [costs](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/cost" \o "costs) and **enhances** [value](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/value).

1. **Showcase** – to show the [best](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/best" \o "best) [qualities](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/quality" \o "qualities) or [parts](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/part" \o "parts) of something

Example sentence: The [main](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/main" \o "main) [aim](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/aim" \o "aim) of the [exhibition](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/exhibition" \o "exhibition) is to **showcase** creative soul of this artist.

1. **Approach** – a way of doing something

Example sentence: The president is always very [logical](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/logical) in his **approach**.